REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON NATIONAL GOVERNMENT CONSTITUENCIES DEVELOPMENT FUND – ISIOLO NORTH CONSTITUENCY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2022

PREAMBLE

I draw your attention to the contents of my report which is in three parts:

- A. Report on the Financial Statements that considers whether the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework, accounting standards and the relevant laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the financial statements.
- B. Report on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources which considers compliance with applicable laws, regulations, policies, gazette notices, circulars, guidelines and manuals and whether public resources are applied in a prudent, efficient, economic, transparent and accountable manner to ensure Government achieves value for money and that such funds are applied for the intended purpose.
- C. Report on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance which considers how the entity has instituted checks and balances to guide internal operations. This responds to the effectiveness of the governance structure, the risk management environment and the internal controls, developed and implemented by those charged with governance for orderly, efficient and effective operations of the entity.

An unmodified opinion does not necessarily mean that an entity has complied with all relevant laws and regulations and that its internal controls, risk management and governance systems are properly designed and were working effectively in the financial year under review.

The three parts of the report are aimed at addressing the statutory roles and responsibilities of the Auditor-General as provided by Article 229 of the Constitution, the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 and the Public Audit Act, 2015. The three parts of the report, when read together constitute the report of the Auditor-General.

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Qualified Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of National Government Constituencies Development Fund - Isiolo North Constituency set out on pages 1 to 44, which comprise of the statement of Assets and Liabilities as at 30 June, 2022, and the statement of receipts and payments, statement of cash flows and summary statement of appropriation for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information in accordance with the provisions of Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenya and Section 35 of the Public Audit Act, 2015. I have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of my knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of the audit. In my opinion, except for the effect of the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of my report, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of National Government Constituencies Development Fund - Isiolo North Constituency as at 30 June, 2022, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Cash Basis) and the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 and comply with the National Government Constituencies Development Fund Act, 2015.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

1.0 Unaccounted for Bursary Funds

The statement of receipts and payments together with Note 7 to the financial statements reflects a balance of Kshs.67,383,459 in respect to other grants and transfers which includes bursaries amounting to Kshs.28,503,452 disbursed to various secondary schools and Kshs.17,489,417 to tertiary institutions all totalling Kshs.45,992,869.

However, minutes for the Bursary Committee detailing how the bursaries were awarded were not provided for audit review. Further, examination of payment vouchers and supporting documents revealed that Kshs.8,580,769 had not been acknowledged through official receipts or acknowledgement letters by the beneficiary institutions.

In the circumstances, accuracy and completeness of other grants and transfers of Kshs.45,992,869 could not be confirmed.

2.0 Unutilized Funds

The statement of receipts and payments and as disclosed under Note 6 to the financial statements reflects a balance of Kshs.106,596,895 in respect to transfer to other government units. However, despite the management disbursing funds to respective project management committees (PMCs), the projects with a total budget of Kshs.41,891,945 had not been implemented as at 30 June, 2022.

In the circumstances, the value for money of the Kshs.41,891,945 expenditure could not be confirmed.

3.0 Unsupported transfer to Secondary Schools

The statement of receipts and payments and as disclosed under Note 6 to the financial statements reflects transfers to other government units of Kshs.106,596,895 which, includes an amount of Kshs.57,480,000 relating to transfers to secondary schools. A disbursement of Kshs.4,500,000 was made to Labarishereki Secondary School for Construction of administration to completion. However, the supporting documents including tender documents, quotations, opening and evaluation and award minutes, professional opinion, letters of offer and acceptance and contract agreements were not provided for audit review.

In the circumstances, the accuracy and completeness of transfers to other Government units of Kshs.4,500,000 could not be confirmed.

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The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). I am independent of the National Government Constituencies Development Fund - Isiolo North Constituency Management in accordance with the ISSAI 130 on Code of Ethics. I have fulfilled other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the ISSAI and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in Kenya. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my qualified opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, are of most significance in the audit of the financial statements. There were no key audit matters to report in the year under review.

Other Matter

1.0 Budgetary Control and Performance

The summary statement of appropriation for the year ended 30 June, 2022 reflects budgeted receipts of Kshs.230,053,201 and actual receipts of Kshs.208,216,966 resulting to underfunding of Kshs.21,836,235 or 9 % of the budget.

Similarly, the fund expended Kshs.188,261,256 against an approved budget of Kshs.230,053,201 resulting to an under-expenditure of Kshs.41,791,945 or 18.% of the budget.

In the circumstances, the underfunding and underperformance affected the planned activities and may have impacted negatively on service delivery to the public.

2.0 **Projects Implementation Status**

During the year under review the Fund budgeted to implement fifty (50) projects worth Kshs.140,938,595. Review of the projects implementation status revealed that the Fund Management Committee completed forty-one (41) projects amounting to Kshs.121,038,595, and five (5) projects worth Kshs.10,400,000 were ongoing. Four (4) projects of Kshs.9,500,000 had however, not started. All these projects had been budgeted for and funded in the year ended 30 June, 2022.

In the circumstances, the value for money for the Kshs.9,500,000 expenditure in respect of project not started could not be confirmed.

3.0 Unresolved Prior Year Matters

In the audit report of the previous year, several paragraphs were raised under the Report on Financial Statements, Report on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources, and Report on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance. Although the Management has indicated that the issues have been resolved, the matters have remained unresolved as the relevant parliamentary committee has not met to deliberate on the same.

REPORT ON LAWFULNESS AND EFFECTIVENESS IN USE OF PUBLIC RESOURCES

Conclusion

As required by Article 229(6) of the Constitution, and based on the audit procedures performed, except for the matter described in the Basis for Conclusion on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources section of my report, I confirm that, nothing else has come to my attention to cause me to believe that public resources have not been applied lawfully and in an effective way.

Basis for Conclusion

Untagged Assets

As previously reported, Annex 4 to the financial statements reflects Kshs.27,612,000 in respect to summary of fixed assets. However, office equipment, furniture & fittings (Kshs.1,562,500), ICT equipment (Kshs.51,000), and other machinery and equipment (Kshs.199,000) were not tagged for ease of tracking and identification contrary to Section 139(1)(a)(b) of the Public Finance Management (National Government) Regulations, 2015 which states that an accounting officer of a national government entity shall take full responsibility and ensure that proper control systems exists for assets and preventive mechanism are in place to eliminate theft, security threats, loss, wastage and misuse and that movement and condition of assets can be tracked.

Further, the assets were not insured contrary to Section 31(4) of the National Government Constituencies Development Fund Act, 2015 which states that all fixed and movable assets, including equipment bought under this Act for use by the Constituency Development Fund Committee shall be the property of the Board to be insured in the name of the Board.

In addition, the building structures sit on un surveyed land and the land was not registered in the name of the National Government Constituencies Development Fund Board which is against Section 31(4) of the National Government Constituencies Development Fund Act, 2015 which states that all fixed and movable assets, including equipment bought under this Act for use by the Constituency Development Fund Committee shall be the property of the Board.

In the circumstances, Management was in breach of the law.

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 4000. The standard requires that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements comply, in all material respects, with the authorities that govern them. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

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REPORT ON EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROL, RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE

Conclusion

As required by Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015, and based on the audit procedures performed, I confirm that, nothing has come to my attention to cause me to believe that internal control, risk management and overall governance were not effective.

Basis for Conclusion

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs) 2315 and 2330. The standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether effective processes and systems of internal control, risk management and overall governance were operating effectively, in all material respects. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Cash Basis) and for maintaining effective internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control, risk management and overall governance.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing Fund's ability to sustain services, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to sustainability of services and using the applicable basis of accounting unless Management is aware of the intention to terminate the Fund or to cease operations.

Management is also responsible for the submission of the financial statements to the Auditor-General in accordance with the provisions of Section 47 of the Public Audit Act, 2015.

In addition to the responsibility for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements described above, Management is also responsible for ensuring that the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities which govern them, and that public resources are applied in an effective way.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process, reviewing the effectiveness of how Management monitors compliance with relevant legislative and regulatory requirements, ensuring that effective processes and systems are in place to address key roles and responsibilities in relation to governance and risk management, and ensuring the adequacy and effectiveness of the control environment.

Auditor-General's Responsibilities for the Audit

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The audit objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion in accordance with the provisions of Section 48 of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs will always detect a material misstatement and weakness when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

In addition to the audit of the financial statements, a compliance audit is planned and performed to express a conclusion about whether, in all material respects, the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities that govern them and that public resources are applied in an effective way, in accordance with the provisions of Article 229(6) of the Constitution and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution.

Further, in planning and performing the audit of the financial statements and audit of compliance, I consider internal control in order to give an assurance on the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and governance processes and systems in accordance with the provisions of Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. My consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses under the ISSAIs. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control may not prevent or detect misstatements and instances of non-compliance. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies and procedures may deteriorate.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

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- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the going concern basis
 of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material
 uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on
 the Fund's ability to continue to sustain its services. If I conclude that a material
 uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in the auditor's report to the related
 disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify
 my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date
 of my audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease
 to continue to sustain its services.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information and business activities of the Fund to express an opinion on the financial statements.
- Perform such other procedures as I consider necessary in the circumstances.

I communicate with the Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal controls that are identified during the audit.

I also provide Management with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence and where applicable, related safeguards.

CPA Nancy Gathungu, CBS AUDITOR-GENERAL

Nairobi

16 May, 2023