REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON NATIONAL GOVERNMENT CONSTITUENCIES DEVELOPMENT FUND - SUBA SOUTH CONSTITUENCY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2022

PREAMBLE

I draw your attention to the contents of my report which is in three parts:

- A. Report on the Financial Statements that considers whether the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework, accounting standards and the relevant laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the financial statements.
- B. Report on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources which considers compliance with applicable laws, regulations, policies, gazette notices, circulars, guidelines and manuals and whether public resources are applied in a prudent, efficient, economic, transparent and accountable manner to ensure Government achieves value for money and that such funds are applied for the intended purpose.
- C. Report on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance which considers how the entity has instituted checks and balances to guide internal operations. This responds to the effectiveness of the governance structure, the risk management environment and the internal controls, developed and implemented by those charged with governance for orderly, efficient and effective operations of the entity.

An unmodified opinion does not necessarily mean that an entity has complied with all relevant laws and regulations, and that its internal controls, risk management and governance systems are properly designed and were working effectively in the financial year under review.

The three parts of the report are aimed at addressing the statutory roles and responsibilities of the Auditor-General as provided by Article 229 of the Constitution, the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 and the Public Audit Act, 2015. The three parts of the report, when read together constitute the report of the Auditor-General.

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Qualified Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of National Government Constituencies Development Fund - Suba South Constituency set out on pages 1 to 28, which comprise of the statement of assets and liabilities as at 30 June, 2022, the statement of receipts and payments, statement of cash flows and summary statement of appropriation for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information in accordance with the provisions of Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenya and Section 35 of the Public Audit Act, 2015. I have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of my knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of the audit.

In my opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of my report, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the National Government Constituency Development Fund - Suba South Constituency as at 30 June, 2022, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Cash Basis) and comply with the National Government Constituencies Development Fund Act, 2015 and the Public Finance Management Act, 2012.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

Unsupported Bursary Disbursements

The statement of receipts and payments reflects other grants and transfers amounting to Kshs.67,482,207 which, as disclosed in Note 7 to the financial statements, includes Kshs.56,440,000 in respect of bursaries for students in secondary schools and tertiary institutions. However, disbursements amounting to Kshs.1,304,000 were not supported by receipts and acknowledgement letters from the receiving schools and tertiary institutions.

In the circumstances, the accuracy, completeness and authenticity of the expenditure of Kshs.1,304,000 for the year ended 30 June, 2022 could not be confirmed.

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). I am independent of the National Government Constituencies Development Fund - Suba South Constituency Management in accordance with ISSAI 130 on Code of Ethics. I have fulfilled other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the ISSAI and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in Kenya. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my qualified opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, are of most significance in the audit of the financial statements. There were no key audit matters to report in the year under review.

REPORT ON LAWFULNESS AND EFFECTIVENESS IN USE OF PUBLIC RESOURCES

Conclusion

As required by Article 229(6) of the Constitution, based on the audit procedures performed, except for the matters described in the Basis for Conclusion on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources section of my report, I confirm that, nothing else has come to my attention to cause me to believe that public resources have not been applied lawfully and in an effective way.

Basis for Conclusion

1.0 Poor Workmanship on Classrooms Construction and Renovations

The statement of receipts and payments reflects transfers to other government units amounting to Kshs.105,500,000 which, as disclosed in Note 6 to the financial statements, comprises disbursement to primary schools, secondary schools and tertiary institutions of Kshs.24,800,000, Kshs.70,700,000 and Kshs.10,000,000 respectively. However,

review of documents in respect of the disbursements and physical verification of projects implemented revealed indications of poor workmanship as detailed below:

- i. An amount of Kshs.400,000 was disbursed to Tonga Primary School for renovation of two (2) classrooms. Physical inspection of the project on 22 March, 2023 revealed that the floor surfaces were chipping off and window panes were falling, an indication of poor workmanship.
- ii. A disbursement of Kshs.500,000 was made to Kigoto Primary School for renovation of two (2) classrooms. An audit inspection of the project on 22 March, 2023 revealed that the verandah and floor surfaces were chipping off, an indication of poor workmanship.
- iii. An amount of Kshs.900,000 was disbursed to Ngeri Secondary School for construction of one new classroom to completion. However, audit inspection of the projects on 22 March, 2023 revealed that the floor surface was chipping off indicating poor workmanship.
- iv. The transfers of Kshs.3,400,000 was made to Kiembe Secondary School for construction of 100 capacity dormitory from foundation to completion. However, audit inspection of the projects on 22 March, 2023 revealed that the floor surface was chipping off, an indication of poor workmanship.
- v. The Fund Management transferred Kshs.900,000 to Nyamadede Secondary School for construction of one new classroom from foundation to completion. An audit inspection of the projects on 22 March, 2023 revealed that the floor surface was chipping off and the disability ramp was crumbling, indicating poor workmanship.

In the circumstances, value for money on the expenditure of Kshs.900,000 could not be confirmed.

2.0 Other Grants and Transfers

The statement of receipts and payments reflects other grants and transfers amounting to Kshs.67,482,207 as disclosed in Note 7 to the financial statements. Review of documents relating to the transfers and physical verification of projects implemented revealed the following anomalies:

2.1 Construction to Completion of Four-Door Pit Latrine

The transfers of Kshs.67,482,207 includes expenditure on environment projects of Kshs.400,000 in respect of the construction to completion of four-door pit latrine. However, an audit inspection of the project on 21 March, 2023 revealed visible cracks on the wall and the floor, making it unsafe for use. In addition, the pit latrine had three doors instead of four (4) that were provided for.

In the circumstances, value for money on the expenditure of Kshs.400,000 could not be confirmed.

2.2 Unbranded Projects

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The expenditure of Kshs.7,192,207 incurred on emergency projects included Kshs.3,792,207 transferred to various schools for activities listed below:

School	Activity	Cost (Kshs.)
Nyabera Primary School	Fencing of the school compound	500,000
Kingenyo Primary School	Rehabilitation of one classroom	400,000
Ongayo Primary School	Rehabilitation of one classroom	400,000
Onywera Secondary School	Rehabilitation of access road from Onywera centre to Onywera secondary school	2,492,207
Total		3,792,207

However, audit inspection of the projects on 22 March, 2023 revealed that they were not branded or have label indicating years when the activities were implementation, contrary to Regulation 11(1)(cc) of the National Government Constituencies Development Fund Regulations, 2016, which, stipulates that the function of the constituency committee is to ensure projects are labelled in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Board.

In the circumstances, Management was in breach of the law.

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 4000. The standard requires that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance, in all material respects, with the authorities that govern them. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

REPORT ON EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROLS, RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE

Conclusion

As required by Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015, based on the audit procedures performed, I confirm that, nothing has come to my attention to cause me to believe that internal controls, risk management and governance were not effective.

Basis for Conclusion

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 2315 and ISSAI 2330. The standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether effective processes and systems of internal control, risk management and governance were operating effectively, in all material respects. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Cash Basis) and for maintaining effective internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material

misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control, risk management and governance.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to sustain services, disclosing, as applicable, matters related sustainability of services and using the applicable basis of accounting unless Management is aware of the intention to terminate the Fund or to cease operations.

Management is also responsible for the submission of the financial statements to the Auditor-General in accordance with the provisions of Section 47 of the Public Audit Act, 2015.

In addition to the responsibility for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements described above, Management is also responsible for ensuring that the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities which govern them, and that public resources are applied in an effective way.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process, reviewing the effectiveness of how Management monitors compliance with relevant legislative and regulatory requirements, ensuring that effective processes and systems are in place to address key roles and responsibilities in relation to governance and risk management, and ensuring the adequacy and effectiveness of the control environment.

Auditor-General's Responsibilities for the Audit

The audit objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion in accordance with the provisions of Section 48 of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs will always detect a material misstatement and weakness when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

In addition to the audit of the financial statements, a compliance audit is planned and performed to express a conclusion about whether, in all material respects, the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities that govern them and that public resources are applied in an effective way, in accordance with the provisions of Article 229(6) of the Constitution and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution.

Further, in planning and performing the audit of the financial statements and audit of compliance, I consider internal control in order to give an assurance on the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and governance processes and systems in accordance with the provisions of Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. My consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that

might be material weaknesses under the ISSAIs. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal controls may not prevent or detect misstatements and instances of non-compliance. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the Fund's policies and procedures may deteriorate.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the applicable basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to sustain its services. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in the auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to sustain its services.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information and business activities of the Fund to express an opinion on the financial statements.
- Perform such other procedures as I consider necessary in the circumstances.

I communicate with Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that are identified during the audit.

I also provide Management with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

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CPA Nancy Gathungu, CBS AUDITOR-GENERAL

Nairobi

10 July, 2023

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