

## **REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON GITHUNGURI GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2021- MURANG'A COUNTY**

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### **PREAMBLE**

I draw your attention to the contents of my report, which is in three parts:

- A. Report on the Financial Statements that considers whether the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework, accounting standards and the relevant laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the financial statements.
- B. Report on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources which considers compliance with applicable laws, regulations, policies, gazette notices, circulars, guidelines and manuals and whether public resources are applied in a prudent, efficient, economic, transparent and accountable manner to ensure Government achieves value for money and that such funds are applied for the intended purpose.
- C. Report on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance, which considers how the entity has instituted checks and balances to guide internal operations. This responds to the effectiveness of the governance structure, the risk management environment and the internal controls, developed and implemented by those charged with governance for orderly, efficient and effective operations of the entity.

An unmodified opinion does not necessarily mean that an entity has complied with all relevant laws and regulations and that its internal controls, risk management and governance systems are properly designed and were working effectively in the financial year under review.

The three parts of the report are aimed at addressing the statutory roles and responsibilities of the Auditor-General as provided by Article 229 of the Constitution, the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 and the Public Audit Act, 2015. The three parts of the report, when read together constitute the report of the Auditor-General.

### **REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **Qualified Opinion**

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Githunguri Girls High School – Murang'a County set out on pages 1 to 15, which comprise of the statement of financial assets and financial liabilities as at 30 June, 2021, and the statement of receipts and payments, statement of cash flows and the statement of budgeted versus actual amounts for the period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information in accordance with the provisions of Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenya and Section 35 of the Public Audit Act, 2015. I have obtained all the information and explanations, which, to the best of my knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of the audit.

In my opinion, except for the effect of the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of my report, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Githunguri Girls High School – Murang’a County as at 30 June, 2021, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Cash Basis) and comply with the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 and the Basic Education Act, 2013.

## **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

### **1. Inaccuracies in the Capitation Grants**

The statement of receipts and payments reflects capitation grants for operations amount of Kshs.7,326,900 as disclosed in Note 2 to the financial statements. Review of the NEMIS capitation disbursements made to the School against the amount receipted by the school revealed receipts amounting to Kshs.7,326,900 whereas the NEMIS capitation was Kshs.8,563,936 resulting to an unexplained variance of Kshs.1,237,036.

In the circumstances, the accuracy and completeness of capitation grants for operation amounting to Kshs.7,326,900 for the year ended 30 June, 2021 could not be confirmed.

### **2. Unsupported Receipts and Payments Inaccuracies**

The statement of receipts and payments reflects total receipts and total expenditure amounts of Kshs.33,840,034 and Kshs.33,870,902, respectively. The School has in place a School Management System (SMS) which is an automated cashbook and accounting system. However, the system does not post receipts and payments transactions to the relevant ledgers. As a result, the receipts and payments in the financial statements were not supported with ledgers.

Further, the statement of financial assets and financial liabilities reflects accumulated fund brought forward balance of Kshs.1,751,857 which varies with prior year net financial position balance of Kshs.6,578,712 resulting to an unexplained variance amounting to Kshs.4,826,855. In addition, Note 12 to the financial statements on Accounts receivables was not supported with an analysis of the prior year balances.

In the circumstances, the accuracy and completeness of the financial statements could not be confirmed.

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). I am independent of the Githunguri Girls’ High School Management in accordance with ISSAI 130 on Code of Ethics. I have fulfilled other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the ISSAI and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in Kenya. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my qualified opinion.

## **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgement, are of most significance in the audit of the financial statements. There were no key audit matters to report in the year under review.

## **REPORT ON LAWFULNESS AND EFFECTIVENESS IN USE OF PUBLIC RESOURCES**

### **Conclusion**

As required by Article 229(6) of the Constitution, based on the audit procedures performed, except for the matters described in the Basis for Conclusion on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources section of my report, I confirm that, nothing else has come to my attention to cause me to believe that public resources have not been applied lawfully and in an effective way.

### **Basis for Conclusion**

#### **1. Non-Compliance with the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board (PSASB)**

The Public Sector Accounting Standards Board (PSASB) Guidelines on Implementation of International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) by Secondary Schools in Kenya of 20 August, 2021 requires the first financial statements after adoption of IPSAS to be presented for eighteen (18) months from 1 January, 2020 to 30 June, 2021 with comparatives being for twelve (12) months from 1 January, 2019 to 30 December, 2019. Further, a disclosure note ought to have been included in the financial statements that the reason for preparing for longer period is due to the adoption of IPSAS for school and the change from calendar year to government fiscal year. In addition, a disclosure note should be made in the financial statements that the comparative information may not be comparable due to the longer period covered by the current financial period.

However, Management presented the annual report and financial statements covering only one year for financial year 2020-2021 with comparative balances for the year 2019. Therefore, the financial statements have not been prepared for eighteen-months (18) as prescribed the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board (PSASB).

Further, no disclosure was made on the change in the preparation of financial statements from calendar year to Government fiscal year or on the lack of comparability due to longer period covered by the current financial period.

In the circumstances, Management did not comply with the PSASB guidelines.

#### **2. Irregular Transfer to Kenya Secondary Schools Heads Association (KESSHA)**

The statement of receipts and payments reflects boarding and school fund payments amounts of Kshs.23,141,275 as disclosed in Note 9 to the financial statements. Included in the amount is a transfer to Kenya Secondary School Heads Association  
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(KESSHA) totalling to Kshs.326,000 which is a welfare organization that draws its membership from School Principals only. The association is not subject to Public Finance Management Act, 2012 or any other public finance regulations.

In the circumstances, the School may not have received value on the amount transferred to the association.

### **3. Unconfirmed Student Enrolment Data**

The statement of receipts and payments reflects capitation grants for tuition and capitation for operations amount of Kshs.1,161,566 and Kshs.7,326,900, respectively as disclosed in Note 1 and Note 2 to the financial statements. Review of records revealed that during the period under review, NEMIS reported a total number of eight hundred and ninety-four (894) students while records at the County Director of Education office reflected varying number of students during the same period ranging between nine hundred and ninety-eight (998) students and one thousand and two (1,002) resulting to the under-funding of the School. This is contrary to Ministry of Education Circular MOE.HQS/3/13/3 on implementation of Free Day Secondary Education (FDSE) which requires all learners be registered in NEMIS and the principals to ensure their records are accurate.

In the circumstances, Management was in breach of Ministry of Education's directive.

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 4000. The standard requires that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance, in all material respects, with the authorities that govern them. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

## **REPORT ON EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROLS, RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE**

### **Conclusion**

As required by Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015, based on the audit procedures performed, except for the matter described in the Basis for Conclusion on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance section of my report, I confirm that, nothing else has come to my attention to cause me to believe that internal controls, risk management and overall governance were not effective.

### **Basis for Conclusion**

#### **Lack of Internal Audit Function and Audit Committee**

The School has not constituted an audit committee or an internal audit unit as required by Regulation 166(1) of the Public Finance Management (National Government) which requires establishment of an internal audit unit by a national government entity to assess effectiveness of the entity through an internal performance appraisal commenting on its effectiveness in the annual report to National Treasury.

In the circumstances, the School did not benefit from the oversight role and advice from the audit committee and the internal audit function.

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 2315 and ISSAI 2330. The standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether effective processes and systems of internal controls, risk management and overall governance were operating effectively, in all material respects. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

### **Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Cash Basis) and for maintaining effective internal controls as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and overall governance.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the School's ability to continue to sustain its services, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to sustainability of services and using the applicable basis of accounting unless Management is aware of the intention to terminate the School or to cease operations.

Management is also responsible for the submission of the financial statements to the Auditor-General in accordance with the provisions of Section 47 of the Public Audit Act, 2015. In addition to the responsibility for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements described above, Management is also responsible for ensuring that the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities which govern them, and that public resources are applied in an effective way.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the School's financial reporting process, reviewing the effectiveness of how Management monitors compliance with relevant legislative and regulatory requirements, ensuring that effective processes and systems are in place to address key roles and responsibilities in relation to overall governance and risk management, and ensuring the adequacy and effectiveness of the control environment.

### **Auditor-General's Responsibilities for the Audit**

The audit objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion in accordance with the provisions of Section 48 of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs will always detect a material misstatement and weakness when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

In addition to the audit of the financial statements, a compliance audit is planned and performed to express a conclusion about whether, in all material respects, the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities that govern them and that public resources are

applied in an effective way, in accordance with the provisions of Article 229(6) of the Constitution and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution.

Further, in planning and performing the audit of the financial statements and audit of compliance, I consider internal controls in order to give an assurance on the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and overall governance processes and systems in accordance with the provisions of Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. My consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be materials weaknesses under the ISSAIs. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal controls components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal controls may not prevent or detect misstatements and instances of non-compliance. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies and procedures may deteriorate.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the applicable basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the School's ability to continue to sustain its services. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in the auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the School to cease to continue to sustain its services.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information and business activities of the School to express an opinion on the financial statements.
- Perform such other procedures, as I consider necessary in the circumstances.

I communicate with the Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal controls that are identified during the audit.

I also provide Management with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



**CPA Nancy Gathungu, CBS**  
**AUDITOR-GENERAL**

**Nairobi**

**12 October, 2023**